**()** SINTEF

### MEMBRANE AND MEMBRANE ASSISTED LIQUEFACTION PROCESSES FOR CO<sub>2</sub> CAPTURE FROM CEMENT PLANTS



Melbourne, Australia 22nd October 2018 Rahul Anantharaman and David Berstad SINTEF Energy Research

#### Background

 6-7% of global anthropogenic
CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from the cement industry

 CO<sub>2</sub> emissions an inherent part of the cement production process



#### CO<sub>2</sub> composition: 22% (low air leak)

**SINTEF** 

# Membranes processes and their applicability in cement plants



- Low enviromental impact
- Ease of integration (no steam required in the process)
- Compact process
- Membrane separation processes favour high
- <sup>3</sup> CO<sub>2</sub> partial pressure



## Cost of membrane-based $CO_2$ capture compared to post-combustion MEA-based capture at a 90% CCR depending on the membrane properties for cement plant

Roussanaly, S. *et al.* (2018) 'A new approach to the identification of high-potential materials for cost-efficient membrane-based post-combustion CO2 capture', *Sustainable Energy & Fuels*.

### **CO<sub>2</sub> liquefaction process**



- No chemicals
  - Separation by phase change
- Flexible process
  - CO<sub>2</sub> product at conditions suitable for ship or pipeline transport
- Compact

4

- CO<sub>2</sub> capture at high pressure
- Used as standard for oxy-combustion processes

**SINTEF** 

### Is there a role for CO<sub>2</sub> liquefaction in postcombustion capture from cement?



#### **Membrane assisted liquefaction**





 $\mathrm{CO}_{\mathrm{2}}$  concentration at the interface is important

- Affects CO2 capture ratio
- Affects amount of recycle to membrane
- Membrane area
- Vaccum pump size and work

CO<sub>2</sub> concentration at interface depends on

- Membrane type
- Pressure differential across membrane
- Membrane area

#### **Membrane assisted liquefaction**

From CEMCAP cost estimation

- Around 60% of total direct cost of the MAL process is due to the membrane process
- Membrane itself, the vacuum pump and the flue gas compressor stand out as the most expensive pieces of equipment
- These three together account for around 80% of the membrane part costs, or 46% of the total direct costs
- Membrane accounts for 9% of the total direct cost



#### **Membranes considered**

	Membrane in CEMCAP work
CO <sub>2</sub> permeance	
(Sm <sup>-3</sup> /m <sup>2</sup> .bar.h)	2.7
N <sub>2</sub> selectivity	20
O <sub>2</sub> selectivity	26
H <sub>2</sub> O selectivity	20



# Membrane assisted liquefaction process performance





VS







MAL process 2 stage membrane process

#### **Summary**

- Membrane assisted liquefaction process performance and cost is will vary significanctly with membrane performance
- Critical to identify suitable membrane properties for the process for a given flue gas composition
- Membrane assisted liquefaction outperforms the 2 stage membrane process for post-combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture
  - Thermodynamic proof irrespective of membrane type or performance (not included in this presentation)
- Techno-economic analysis of membrane processes presented in this work will be performed and compared



#### **Acknowledgements**

This work was done as part of the

CEMCAP project that has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 *research and innovation* programme under grant agreement No 641185

and

the NCCS Centre, performed under the Norwegian research program Centres for Environment-friendly Energy Research (FME). The authors acknowledge the following partners for their contributions: Aker Solutions, ANSALDO Energia, CoorsTek Membrane Sciences, Gassco, KROHNE, Larvik Shipping, Norcem, Norwegian Oil and Gas, Quad Geometrics, Shell, Statoil, TOTAL, and the Research Council of Norway (257579/E20).

SINTEF



Technology for a better society