

# ECCO

## Performing Case Studies with ECCOTool V1 Findings & Experiences

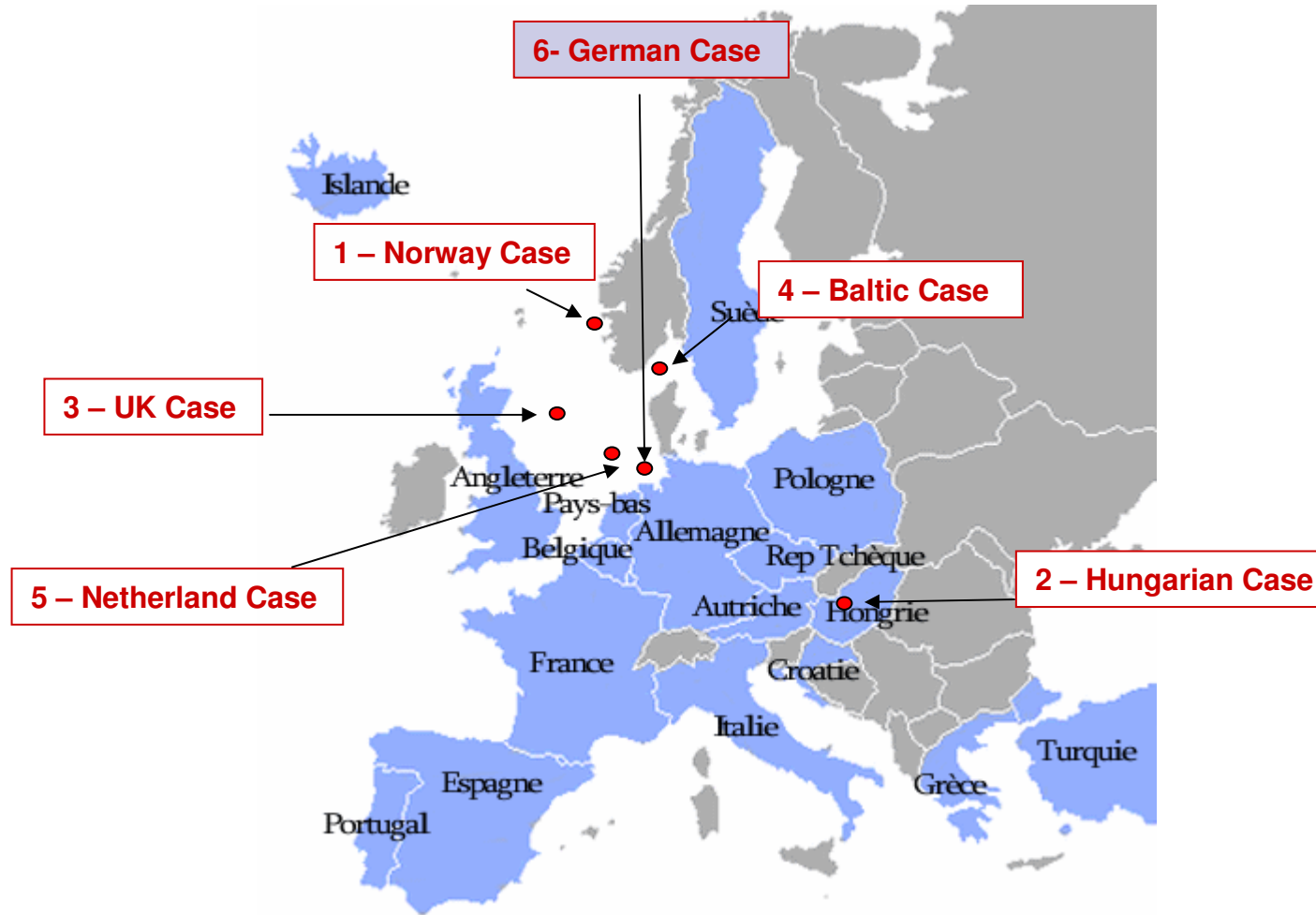
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ECCO Conference  
Trondheim, 14 June 2011

# Structure of Presentation

- The Six Case Studies and their specificities
- Rules of case study implementation
- Features & Drawbacks of ECCOTool-V1
- Benefits of ECCOTool-V1

# The Six Case Studies and their specificities



# ECCOTool-V1

## Input Data Required

### 1. Unit Modules

- Source Module
  - Power plant, refinery, cement...
- Transport Modules
  - pipeline route
  - shipping route
- Storage Modules
  - EOR
  - DGF/EGF
  - Aquifer

### 2. Contract files

- for each actors
- for each stream of CO2
- to each storages

ECCO Tool Case Info	
Workbook type	Case
Case name	Norway Case study
Description	2 sources 1 pipeline 1 EOR storage
Author	Pcy
Organisation	IFPEnergies Nouvelles
Last updated	09/06/2011

- input data file of the case
  - Economic scenario
  - CO2 transport price
  - Connection to unit files
  - Connection to contract files
  - Network grid implemented

# Norway Case



Pipeline

Mongstad Refinery +  
Mongstad CCGT

A screenshot of three overlapping Windows Explorer windows. The top window shows a folder named "ChainUnits" with files: "Norway Pipeline 1.xls", "Norway source 1 v3 fina", "Norway source 2 v3 fina", and "NorwayStorageEOR-ECCO". The middle window shows a folder "D:\User\DEE\Projets Europ" with files: "Contract Source1-Pipeline1-Troll.xls" and "Contract Source2-Pipeline1-Troll.xls". The bottom window shows a folder "Case study Norway 1" with files: "Input Norway case study\_2.xls" and "Output Norway case study\_Final 29March CO...".

Module Type
CCGT Post-CC

Source Type
Full Plant

Fuel Type	CV %
Low-Sulphur Coal	
High-Sulphur Coal	
Lignite	
Natural Gas	100%
Petcoke	
User-defined	

Operation
Baseload (24hrs)

Plant Parameters	Values		
	Units	Default	User
Power Gross Capacity	MW	520	435
Power Net Output	MW	403	
Total CO2 Production	Mt/a	1,338	
CO2 Capture rate	%	90%	
CO2 Output Pressure	bar	100	
CO2 Output Temperature	?C	51	
Normal Availability	%	92,0%	
Net Elec Efficiency of plant	%	43,7%	
Employment FTE	No.	0	
Temp employment FTE	No.	0	

Derived Values	Units	Value
Captured CO2	Mt/a	1,204
Emitted CO2	Mt/a	0,134
Additional Compression	bar	0

Full Plant Costings	Values (2010 basis)		
	Units	Default	User
Fuel Handling / Utilities	€m	85	
Boiler / HRSG	€m	30	
Turbines & Generator	€m	51	
Flue Gas Cleansing	€m	169	
CO2 Removal & Compression	€m	66	
	€m	0	
	€m	0	
TOTAL Capex	€m	402	402
Fixed Opex	€m/a	5,7	
Variable Opex (excl fuel)	€m/GWh	0,0020	

Timing	Units	Default	User
Construction period	years	3	
Operation start year	year		2018
End Year	year		

Location (Deg 3dp)	
GIS East	GIS North
5,00	60,83
Name of module	
Mongstad CCGT	

Escalation used Index NaturalGas

Operational Regime		
	Units	Default
Average Hours per day	hrs	24
Electricity Price factor		1,00

Indexation to be applied	
Default	User
RPI	
RPI	
RPI	

Pipeline Type	
Mild steel	100%
Stainless steel	

Terrain	% of total length	
	Default	User
Onshore - Flat rural		
Onshore - Urban		
Onshore - Hills		
Onshore - Mountains		
Onshore - average	5%	
Offshore - Sandy seabed		
Offshore - Trenched		
Offshore - Difficult		
Offshore - Average	95%	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>0%</b>

Pipeline Parameters	Units	Values	
		Default	User
Design Maximum Pressure	bar	190	
Design Maximum Flow rate	Mt/a	5	3
Design Min Safe Output Pressure	bar	80	
Ambient Temperature	?C	4	
Leakage	%	0%	
Construction Employment FTE	No.	2	
Permanent Employment FTE	No.	0	

Pipeline Name
Norway Pipeline 1

Location points (Deg 2dp)	
<b>Start module</b>	
Mongstad	
5,00	60,83
<b>End module</b>	
Troll	
3,60	60,67

Derived Values	Units	Value	User
Pipeline length	km	78	
Pipeline Diameter	mm	305	
Pipeline wall thickness	mm	12	
Design Pressure Drop (Max)	bar	40	
Additional Compression	bar	0	

Warning - High Pressure Loss  
Hoop Stress OK

Crossings	Number	
	Default	User
Onshore - Road	0	
Onshore - Pipeline	0	
Onshore - Other	0	
Offshore - Pipeline	0	
Offshore - Other	0	

Remote Control	Number	
	Default	User
Umbilical	0	

Costings	Values (2010 basis)			Index	Cost summary
	Units	Default	User		
Materials - steel pipe only	€/km	0,04		RPI	Pipeline capital cost (base)
Labour	€/km	0,06		RPI	
Other costs for all pipelines	€/km	0,05		RPI	Pipeline capital cost (scale)
<b>Offshore</b>					
Platform tie in	€m	48,0		EAndPCosts	Opex cost fixed
Shallow Installation	€/km	0,35		EAndPCosts	Opex cost variable
Heavy Lift	€/km	0,02		EAndPCosts	
Dredging	€/km	0,02		EAndPCosts	
Marine Survey	€/km	0,02		EAndPCosts	
Transportation	€/km	0,02		EAndPCosts	
Umbilicals	€/km	0,06		EAndPCosts	
Trenching to beach	€m	22,0		EAndPCosts	
Materials - coating/concrete	€/km	0,17		RPI	

Timing	Units	Default	User
Construction duration	years	3	
Operational	year		2018
Cease operations	year		

### Royalty and fiscal parameters

Royalty rate as fraction of HC sales
Royalty tax deductible?
Tax rate
Tax depreciation method
Tax number of depreciation years

### Prices and indices

CO2 quota charged model
Crude oil sales price (FOB) model
Crude oil sales price (FOB) - if constant
Gas sales (wellhead) price model
Gas sales (wellhead) price - if constant
Heating value gas: equiv scf gas/bbl oil
Time delay of correlation
Capex cost index model
Opex cost index model

### Business economic data

First year of time series input
Stop criterion: #yrs@NCF<0

## ECCOtool StorageEOR Tabular input variables

**This worksheet lists the reservoir performance of "typical" CO<sub>2</sub>-EOR reservoirs under various controllable and non-controllable parameters.**  
The reservoir's recovery mechanism is assumed to be steady-state injection/production of either CO<sub>2</sub> or CO<sub>2</sub>&water. Hence, net Underground Withdrawal should be zero.  
Input data are derived from reservoir simulation studies, with a characteristic trend for each reservoir-type / PDO combination. Later, a library of type curves will be made available. The user can then easily adjust the input data to match their own reservoir characteristics.

#### Legend

Input variable (deterministic)
Output: calculated result

#### Conversion factors

SG CO <sub>2</sub> Normal (1. atm, 0 C) (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.9768
SG CO <sub>2</sub> Standard (1. atm, 15 C) (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.8718

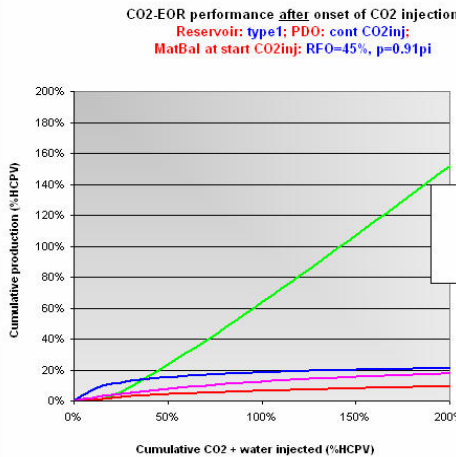
decline per step  
0.95

#### Characteristic CO<sub>2</sub>-EOR behaviour

for ResType1@PDO1 | MBCond1 at start CO<sub>2</sub>inj

See comment

CumCO <sub>2</sub> inj	CumWatInj	CumCO <sub>2</sub> +WatInj	CumPrimOR	CumEOR	CumWatProd	CumCO <sub>2</sub> Prod
(HCPV)	(HCPV)	(HCPV)	(HCPV)	(HCPV)	(HCPV)	(HCPV)
0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
5.0%	0.0%	5.0%	1.12%	0.00%	3.83%	0.03%
10.0%	0.0%	10.0%	2.13%	0.40%	7.42%	0.09%
15.0%	0.0%	15.0%	3.04%	1.38%	9.62%	1.16%
20.0%	0.0%	20.0%	3.87%	2.20%	11.04%	3.39%
25.0%	0.0%	25.0%	4.63%	2.78%	12.11%	6.21%
30.0%	0.0%	30.0%	5.34%	3.20%	12.96%	9.38%
35.0%	0.0%	35.0%	6.01%	3.54%	13.67%	12.77%
40.0%	0.0%	40.0%	6.64%	3.83%	14.29%	16.31%
45.0%	0.0%	45.0%	7.24%	4.10%	14.85%	19.93%
50.0%	0.0%	50.0%	7.81%	4.35%	15.35%	23.61%
55.0%	0.0%	55.0%	8.37%	4.60%	15.80%	27.35%
60.0%	0.0%	60.0%	8.90%	4.83%	16.20%	31.15%
65.0%	0.0%	65.0%	9.41%	5.06%	16.56%	35.01%
70.0%	0.0%	70.0%	9.91%	5.29%	16.89%	38.94%
75.0%	0.0%	75.0%	10.38%	5.51%	17.19%	42.92%
80.0%	0.0%	80.0%	10.84%	5.72%	17.47%	46.97%
85.0%	0.0%	85.0%	11.27%	5.93%	17.74%	51.05%
90.0%	0.0%	90.0%	11.68%	6.13%	17.99%	55.17%
95.0%	0.0%	95.0%	12.08%	6.32%	18.23%	59.32%
100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	12.46%	6.51%	18.46%	63.50%
105.0%	0.0%	105.0%	12.82%	6.69%	18.67%	67.71%
110.0%	0.0%	110.0%	13.16%	6.87%	18.87%	71.95%
115.0%	0.0%	115.0%	13.49%	7.04%	19.05%	76.23%
120.0%	0.0%	120.0%	13.81%	7.21%	19.22%	80.55%
125.0%	0.0%	125.0%	14.12%	7.37%	19.38%	84.88%
130.0%	0.0%	130.0%	14.41%	7.53%	19.53%	89.24%
135.0%	0.0%	135.0%	14.69%	7.69%	19.67%	93.63%
140.0%	0.0%	140.0%	14.96%	7.84%	19.80%	98.03%
145.0%	0.0%	145.0%	15.23%	7.99%	19.93%	102.46%
150.0%	0.0%	150.0%	15.48%	8.14%	20.06%	106.90%
155.0%	0.0%	155.0%	15.73%	8.28%	20.18%	111.35%
160.0%	0.0%	160.0%	15.96%	8.42%	20.30%	115.83%
165.0%	0.0%	165.0%	16.19%	8.55%	20.42%	120.33%
170.0%	0.0%	170.0%	16.42%	8.68%	20.53%	124.84%
175.0%	0.0%	175.0%	16.63%	8.81%	20.64%	129.37%
180.0%	0.0%	180.0%	16.84%	8.94%	20.74%	133.92%
185.0%	0.0%	185.0%	17.04%	9.06%	20.84%	138.49%
190.0%	0.0%	190.0%	17.24%	9.18%	20.94%	143.07%
194.9%	0.0%	195.0%	17.54%	9.34%	21.10%	147.31%
199.9%	0.0%	200.0%	17.77%	9.48%	21.21%	151.79%



	Unit	Value
conceptual sector	ST Mm3	600
	rm3/STm3	1,4767
	rm3/sm3	0,0028
	rm3/STm3	1,0315
high Rs values)	sm3/STm3	103
and 317 bar/res m	t/rm3	0,67
conceptual model)	1	19,2%
actual model)	1	19,0%

	Unit	Value
	y	6
	well/y	4
	well/y	4
	slot/cluster	7
	well	1
	well	5
	well	10
	well	20
	cluster	1
	1	1
	t/d/well	1500
	sm3/d/well	1200

	Unit	Value
	1	90,0%
	1	16,7%
	1	5,0%
gas	1	0,95



# Contract File

**ECCO** European value chain for CO<sub>2</sub> **ECCO Tool** **Fluid Contract** **Basic Data**

**ECCO** European value chain for CO<sub>2</sub> **ECCO Tool** **Contract** **Flow Specifica**

**ECCO** European value chain for CO<sub>2</sub> **ECCO Tool** **Fluid Contract** **Pr**

**ECCO** European value chain for CO<sub>2</sub> **ECCO Tool** **Provider** **Tr**

An active provider transport contract is required for the fluid contract if the fluid contract provider is not colocated with the point of d

<b>Name and Status</b>	
Contract Status	Activate
Contract Name	CCGT to Troll <b>Must be filled out for active contracts</b>

**Carrier and Price Info**

The name of each carrier must correspond to the name of a chain unit specified in the case workbook chain unit sheet. The carriers are located in the transport chain from start to finish. The chain must be continuous, i.e. the output connection of each output must b

Carrier Name: Norway Pipeline 1		Carrier Name:		Carrier Name:	
Commodity Price (€ / tonne)		Capacity Price ((€/tonne/day))/day=€/tonne)		Commodity Price (€ / tonne)	
Date	Price	Date	Price	Date	Price
01/01/2018	6				



**ECCO Tool**

**Case Info**



**ECCO Tool**

**Case Basic Data**



**ECCO Tool**

**Chain Unit Data Files**



**ECCO Tool**

**Contract Data File**



**ECCO Tool**

**Ac**



**ECCO Tool**

**Ownership of Chain**



**ECCO Tool**

**Case Conn**



**ECCO Tool**

**Case Net**

Actor (Only Date)  
01/01  
01/01

Fill in Chain Only The

Name  
Pow  
Refin  
Stor  
Date  
01/01  
01/01

Fill in "Connections" and "Ownership of Chain Units" sheets first!

Chain Unit Name: name as specified in workbook defining the Chain Unit

In/Out: This field is only relevant for transport units

Chain Unit Name	In/Out	Connection Name	Comments/Description
Mongstad CCGT	In/Out	PowerPlant	
Mongstad Refinery	In/Out	PowerPlant	
Norway Pipeline 1	In	PowerPlant	
Norway Pipeline 1	Out	Storage	
OilfieldEOR	In/Out	Storage	



Output: Case Info



Output: Summary- Norway Case studv



Output: Actor- Statoil



Output: Chain Unit- Mongstad CCGT



Output: Chain Unit- Mongstad Refiner



Output: Chain Unit- Norway Pipelin



Output: Chain Unit- OilfieldEO



Output: Fluid Contract- SimpleC



Output: Contract- CCGT to T



Output: Fluid Contract- Simple



Output: Contract- Refinery

Payments			Contract Parties		Delive	
Start Date	Total	rway Pipelin	Client	Carriers	Start Date	Average Rate
(dd.mm.yyyy)	(M€)	(M€)			(dd.mm.yyyy)	(Sm3/day)
01/01/2015	0	0	Mongstad Refinery	Norway Pipeline 1	01.01.2018	1 912 231
01/01/2016	0	0			01.01.2041	0
01/01/2017	0	0				

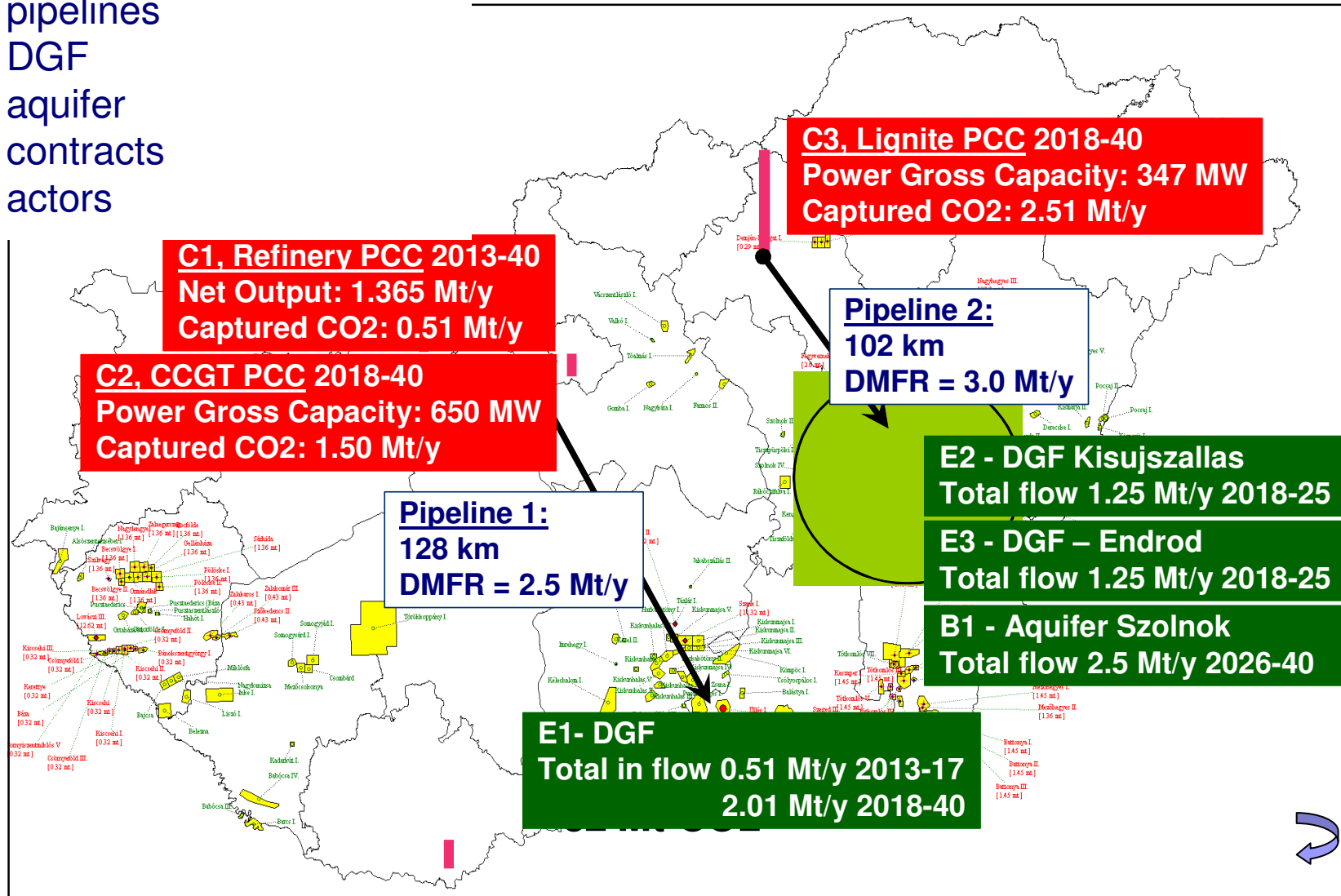


# Norway Case

Norway	Source 1 CCGT Post-CC Full Plant	Source 2 Refinery Post-CC	Global Norwegian case
Captured CO2 - Mt/a	1.204	1.308	
years	22	22	
<b>CO2 captured 2018-40 - Mt</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>30.1</b>	<b>57.8</b>
Emitted CO2 – Mt/a	0.134	1.308	
<b>CO2 emitted 2018-40 - Mt</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>8.4</b>

# Hungary Case:

- 3 sources
- 2 pipelines
- 3 DGF
- 1 aquifer
- 5 contracts
- 2 actors



# Hungary Case

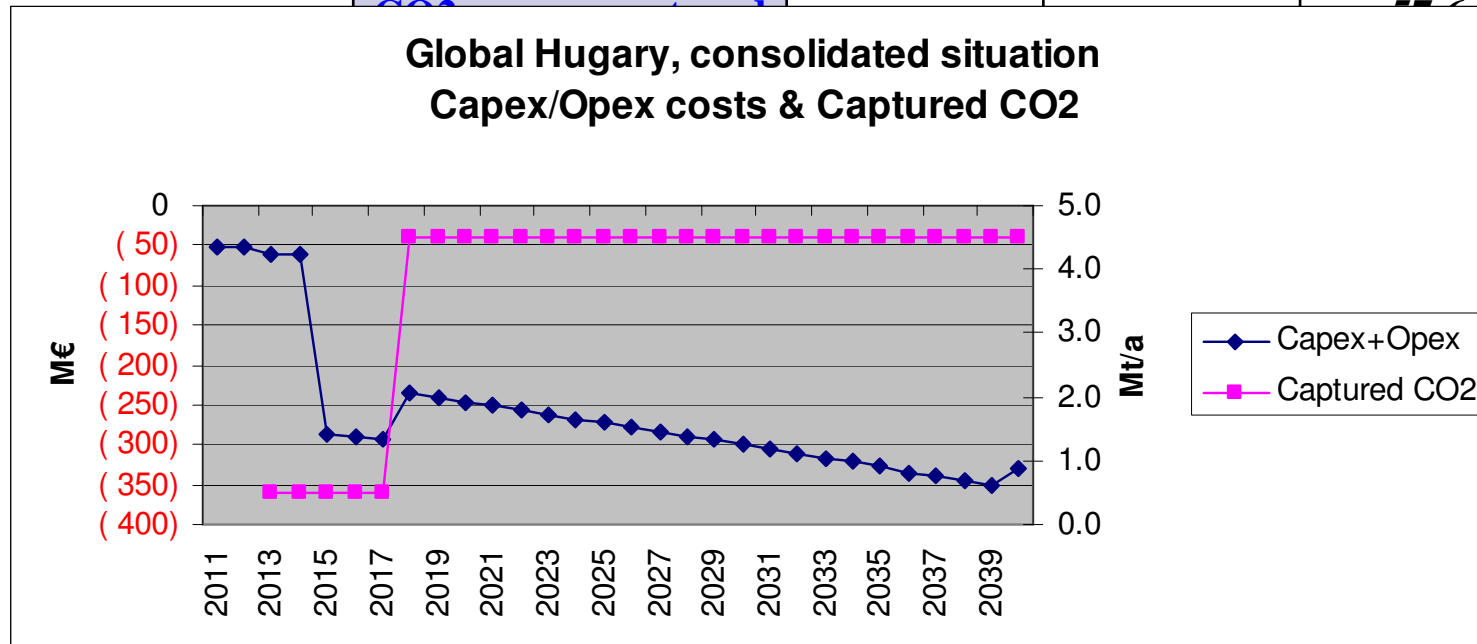
Sources	Unit	Source 1 Refinery Post-CC	Source 2 CCGT Post- CC	Source 3 Lignite Post- CC
Source Type		Add-on Capture Only	Add-on Capture Only	Add-on Capture Only
Fuel Type	CV %	Natural Gas 100%	Natural Gas 100%	Lignite 100%
Plant Parameters				
-Net Output	Mt/a	1.365 60	650 75	347 85
-Power Gross capacity	MW			
-CO2 Capture rate	%			
Derived Values	Mt/a			
-Captured CO2	Mt/a	0.51		
-Emitted CO2		0.34		

Pipelines	Unit	Pipeline 1	Pipeline 2
Terrain on-shore			
-Flat rural	% of total length	80	85
-Urban		20	5
-Hills		5	5
Pipeline Parameters			
-Design Max Pressure	bar	100	120
-Design Max Flow rate	Mt/a	2.5	3
Derived Values			
-Pipeline length	km	128	102
-Pipeline diameter	mm	457	457
-Design Pressure Drop	bar	10	8

# Hungary Case

	Source 1 Refinery Post-CC	Source 2 CCGT Post- CC	Source 3 Lignite Post- CC	Global Hungary case
Captured CO2 - Mt/a	0.514	1.499	2.506	
years	27	22	22	



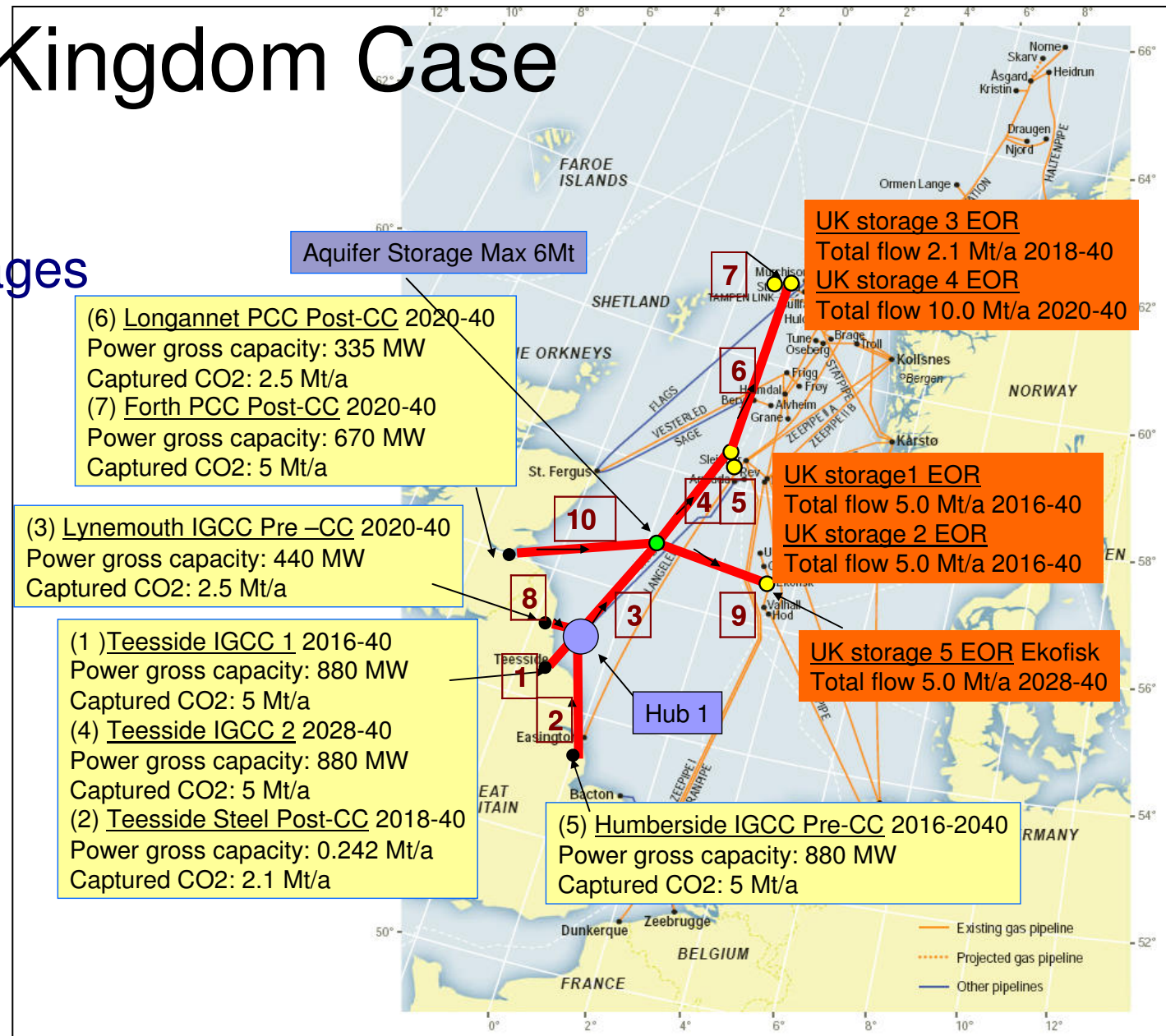
	<b>106</b>
	<b>31.3</b>
	<b>74</b>

Capex+Opex : 7859 M€ , 2011-40  
**Hungary case study annual average captured cost indicator : 74 €/tCO2**



# United Kingdom Case

- 7 sources
- 10 pipelines
- 5 EOR Storages
- 1 aquifer
- 7 contracts
- 9 actors

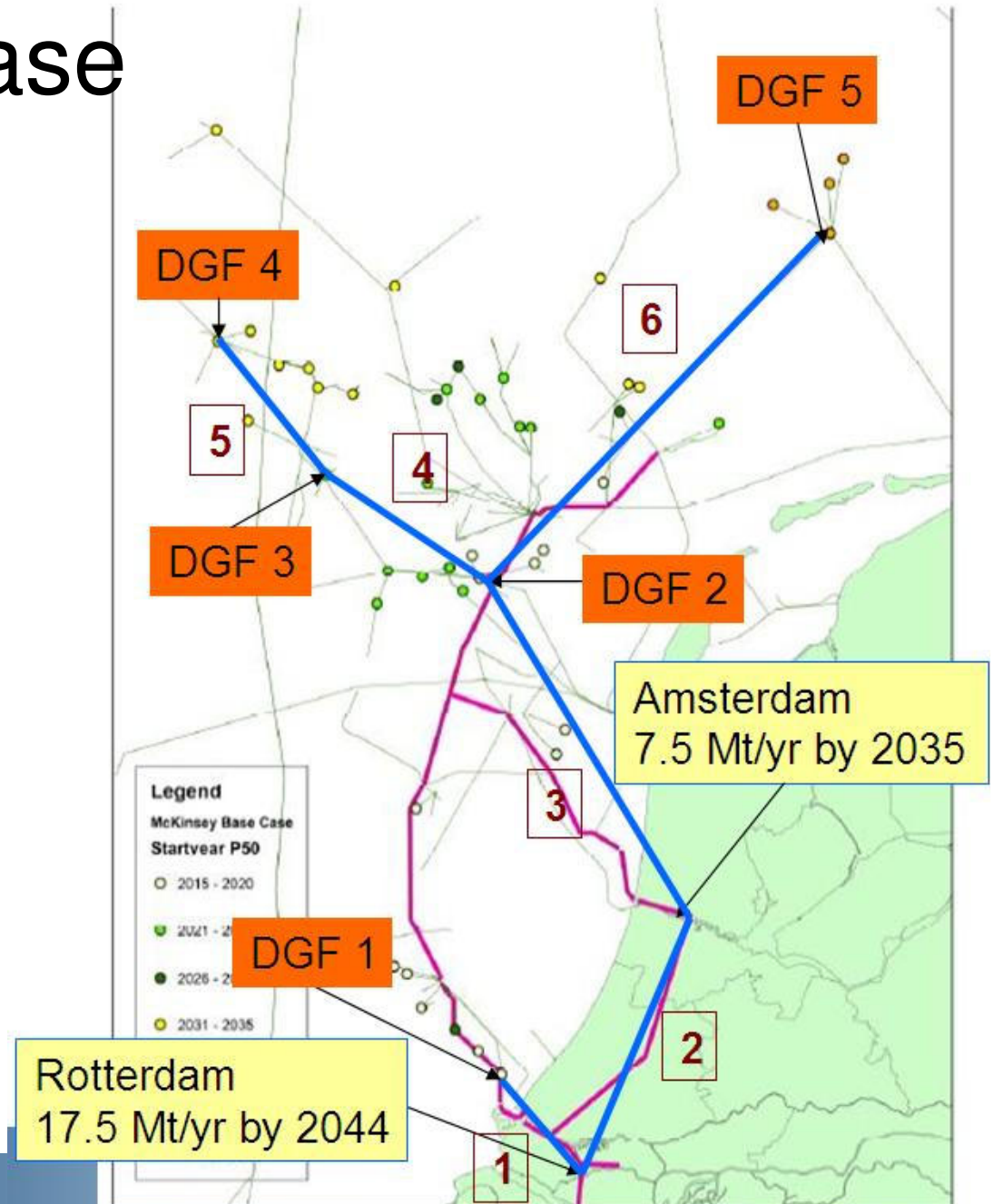


# United Kingdom Case

	Teesside IGCC1 Pre-CC Full Plant	Steel Tees side Post-CC	Lynemouth IGCC1 Pre-CC Full Plant	Teesside IGCC2 Pre-CC Full Plant	Humberside IGCC1 Pre-CC Full Plant	Longannet PCC	Forth PCC	Global
<b>Captured CO2 - Mt/a</b>	5.007	2.067	2.504	5.007	4.988	2.487	4.975	
<b>years</b>	25	23	21	13	25	21	21	<b>25</b>
<b>CO2 captured 2016-40 - Mt</b>	125.2	47.5	52.6	65.1	124.7	52.2	104.5	<b>571.8</b>
<b>Emitted CO2 - Mt/a</b>	0.556	0.365	0.278	0.556	0.554	0.276	0.276	
<b>CO2 emitted 2016-40 - Mt</b>	13.9	8.4	5.8	7.2	13.9	5.8	5.8	<b>60.8</b>

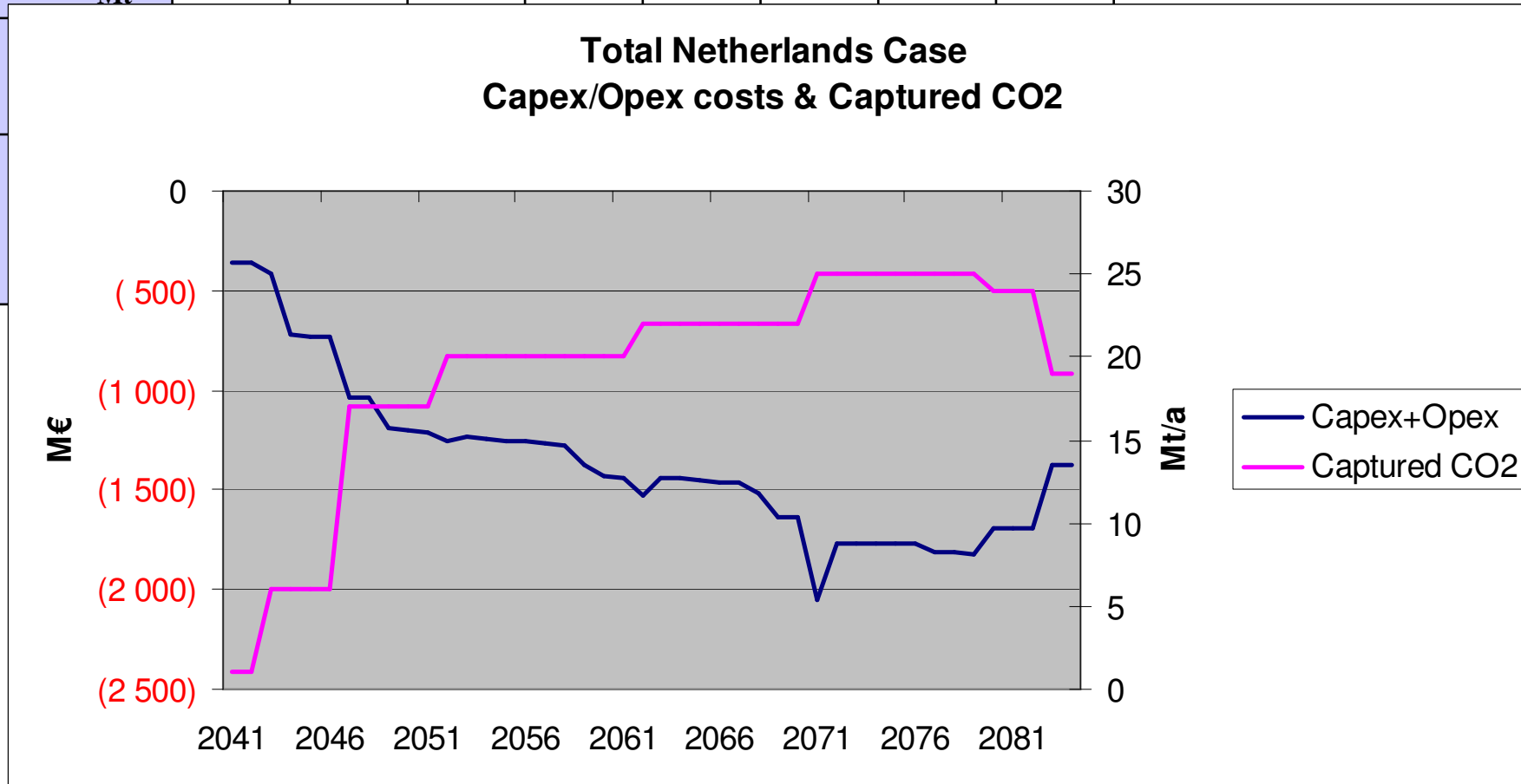
# Netherlands Case

- 12 sources
- 6 pipelines
- 5 DGF
- 15 contracts
- 2 actors



Netherlands case (1/2)	Source 1	Source 2	Source 3	Source 4	Source 5	Source 6	Source 7	Source 8
years	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
CO2 captured - Mt	39	40	40	60	60	80	80	80

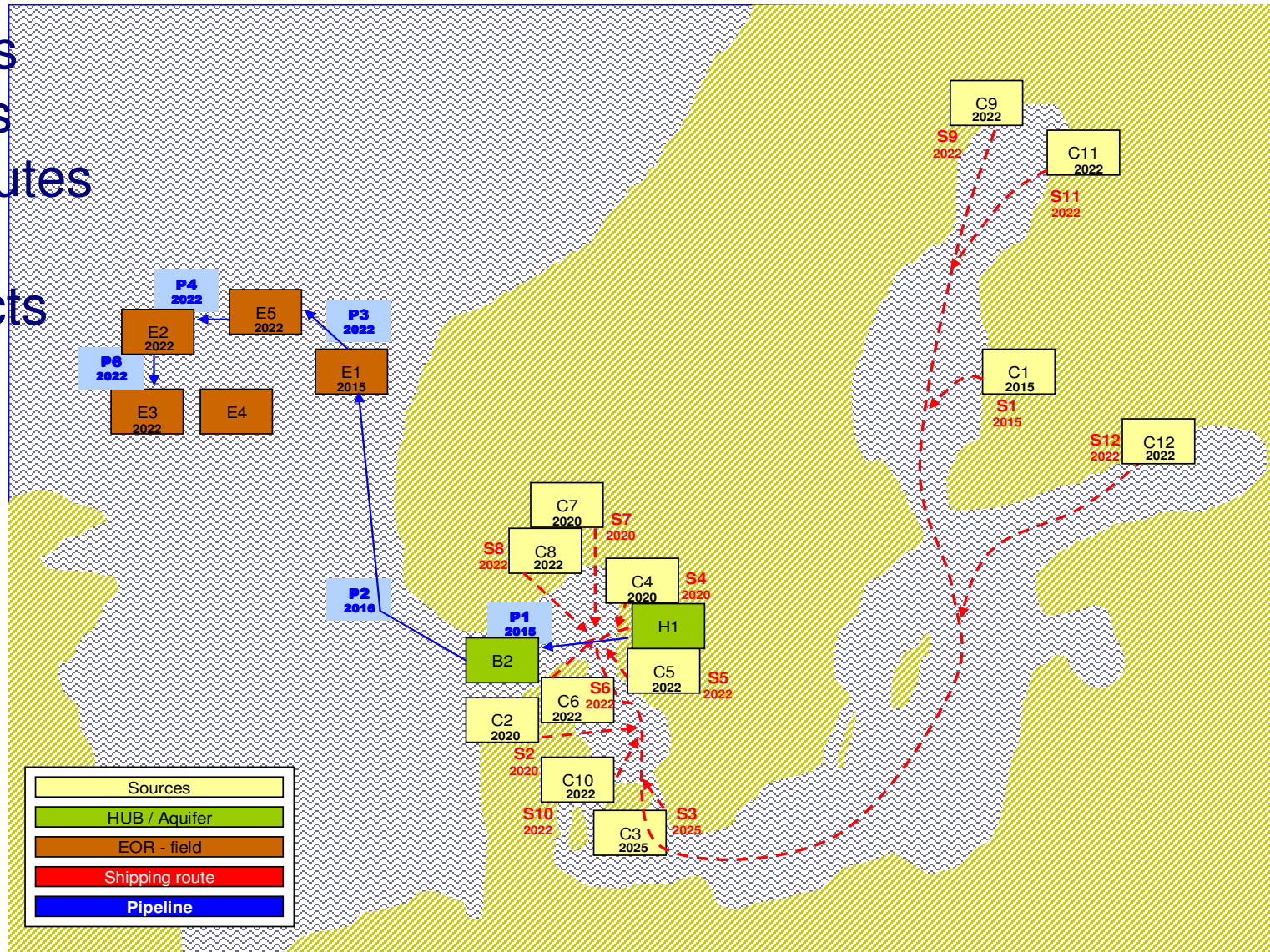
**Total Netherlands Case  
Capex/Opex costs & Captured CO2**



<b>Global NL case</b>
<b>71</b>
<b>1027</b>
<b>13</b>
<b>75</b>

# Baltic Case

- 12 sources
- 5 pipelines
- 12 ship routes
- 5 EOR
- 16 contracts
- 15 actors



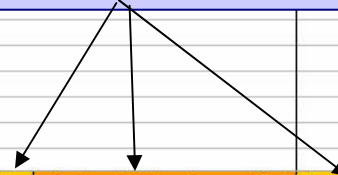
# Baltic Case

# Output: Fluid Contract- C12 to S

Payments			Contract Parties		Ass. Trans. Contract(s)	
Start Date	Amount (M€)	Provider	Client	Provider	Start Date	Average (Sm3/c)
01/01/2012	0	Porvoo Refinery	Baltic storage_CormorantN	C12 to E2	01.01.2022	1.47
01/01/2013	0				01.01.2040	
01/01/2014	0					
01/01/2015	0					
01/01/2016	0					
01/01/2017	0					
01/01/2018	0					
01/01/2019	0					
01/01/2020	0					
01/01/2021	0					
01/01/2022	0					
01/01/2023	0					
01/01/2024	0					
01/01/2025	0					
01/01/2026	0					
01/01/2027	0					
01/01/2028	0					
01/01/2029	0					
01/01/2030	0					
01/01/2031	0					
01/01/2032	0					
01/01/2033	0					
01/01/2034	0					
01/01/2035	0					
01/01/2036	0					

**Baltic Case :**  
**33 Units**  
**16 Contracts**

**The Baltic Output File contains : 85 sheets !**

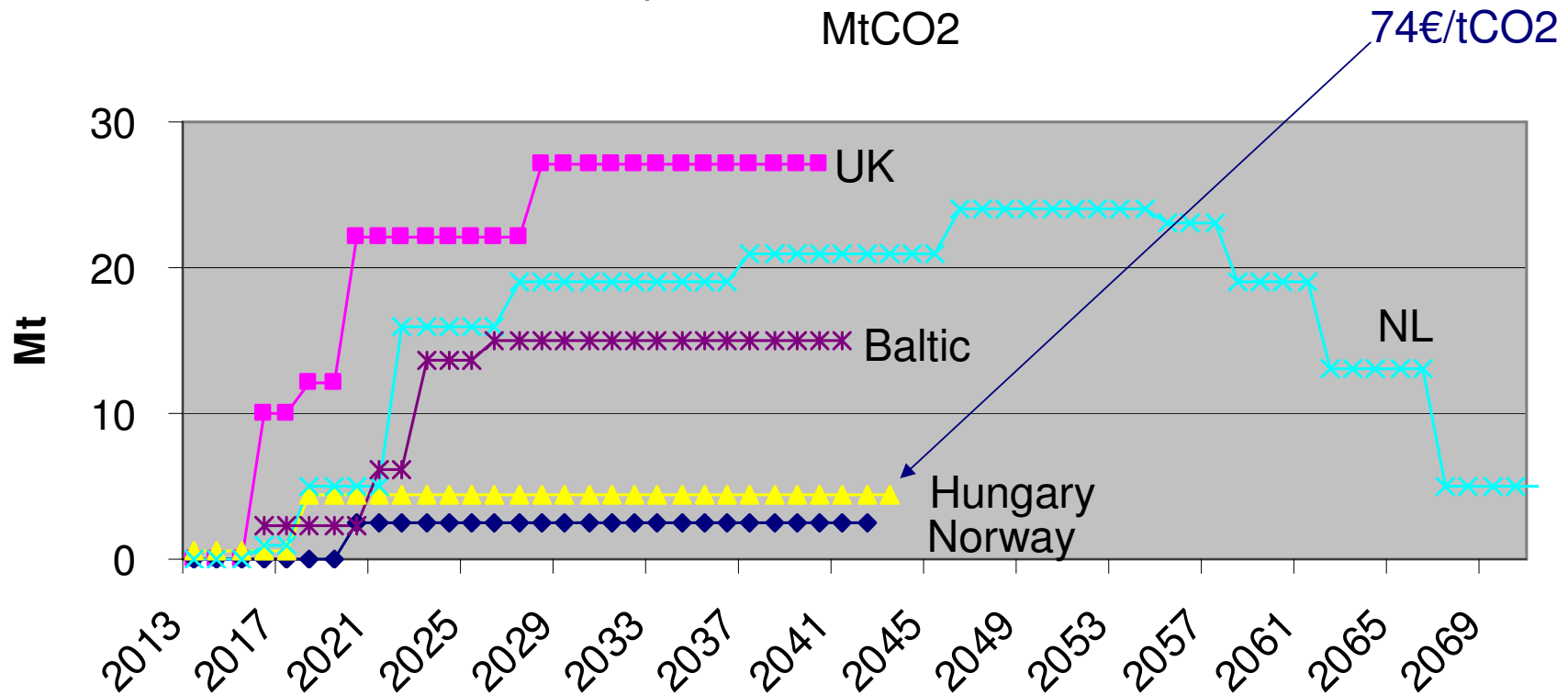


Source module v8 for Tool v1.xls

<b>Baltic case (1/2)</b>	<b>Source 1 Coal PF Sub-C Post-CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Source 2 Coal PF Sub-C Post-CC</b>	<b>Source 3 Coal PF Sub-C Post-CC</b>	<b>Source 4 Refinery (H2) Post- CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Source 5 CCGT Post-CC</b>	<b>Source 6 Cement Post-CC</b>	<b>Source 7 IGCC Pre-CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Source 8 Cement Post-CC Full Plant</b>
years	28	20	15	18	18	18	20	18
<b>CO2 captured - Mt</b>	<b>60.56</b>	<b>39.4</b>	<b>21.7</b>	<b>31.1</b>	<b>11.2</b>	<b>23.6</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>19.8</b>
CO2 emitted - Mt	74	4.4	2.4	4.2	1.2	4.18	1.7	3.5

<b>Baltic case (2/2)</b>	<b>Source 9 Steel Post- CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Source 10 Refinery Post-CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Source 11 Steel Post- CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Source 12 Refinery Post-CC Full Plant</b>	<b>Global Baltic case</b>
years	18	18	18	18	<b>28</b>
<b>CO2 captured - Mt</b>	<b>22.7</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>32.1</b>	<b>26.2</b>	<b>318.6</b>
<b>CO2 emitted - Mt</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>5.7</b>	<b>4.6</b>	<b>112.5</b>

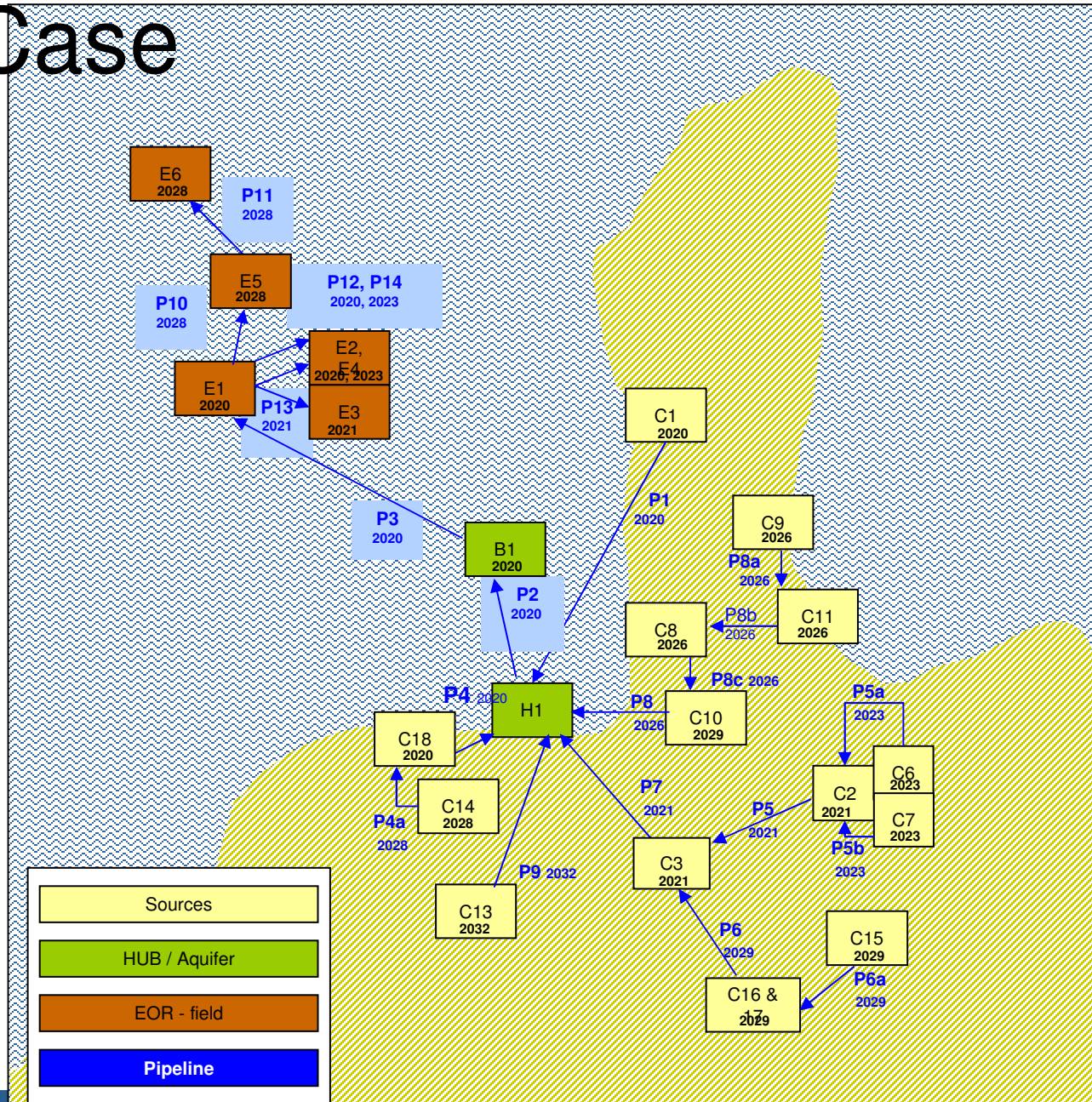
### Captured CO2 of Case Studies MtCO2





# German Case

- 14 sources
- 21 pipelines
- 6 EOR
- 1 aquifer
- 18 contracts
- 18 actors

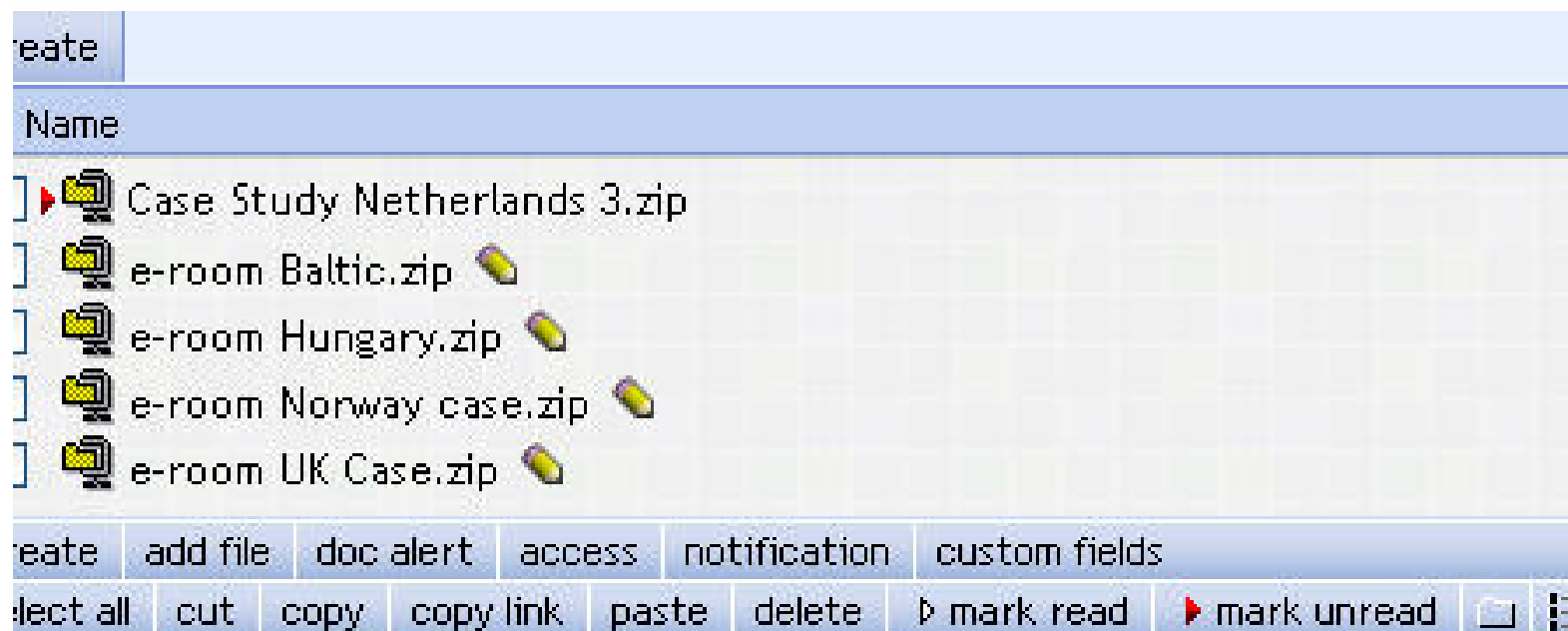


chain methodology and tool development  
studies VERSION 1 ECCOTool

## final version Case Studies VERSION 1 ECCOTool edit

folder created by  Paula Coussy on 3 mars 11

this folder the final version of the outputs with the version 1 of the ECCOTool



The screenshot shows a file manager interface with a toolbar at the top containing 'create', 'add file', 'doc alert', 'access', 'notification', and 'custom fields'. Below the toolbar is a table with a 'Name' header. The table contains five entries, each with a folder icon, a file icon, and a pencil icon:

Name
Case Study Netherlands 3.zip
e-room Baltic.zip
e-room Hungary.zip
e-room Norway case.zip
e-room UK Case.zip

At the bottom of the interface, there is another toolbar with buttons for 'select all', 'cut', 'copy', 'copy link', 'paste', 'delete', 'mark read', 'mark unread', and a list icon.

# Features and Drawbacks of ECCOTool V1 – Input Data

- required to deal with multiple workbooks to build a case,
- same information (GIS positions, names) have to be filled in different workbooks for the same case,
- problematic definition of nodes in infrastructure,
- Contracts could be rationalized or included in the input file to have a much more friendly interface and easier contracts.
- Storage module :
  - probably the module which requires the most technical skill.
- lack of transparency for users of the economic scenario data used

# Features and Drawbacks of ECCOTool V1- Output data

- bugs and result inconsistencies,
- Results output are insufficient. The user need to have much more detailed outputs per case studies. They should allow user to analyze case study
- lack of graphical presentation of the economics of the case,

# Benefits of ECCOTool V1

- economic evaluation of :
  - the all chain of CCS, per actors, per units,
  - lots of intermediate values : DCF,energy consumption...
- the output file contains all the information of the case study
- easy to duplicate one module to another
- easy to copy the case and duplicate sensitivities
- A prototype working